

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025 / ISO 21930

Uponor Aqua Pipe in conduit
Uponor Corporation



EPD HUB, HUB-0052

Publishing date 3rd June 2022, last updated date 17 January 2023, valid until 3rd June 2027

GENERAL INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer	Uponor Corporation
Address	Äyritie 20, 01510 Vantaa, Finland
Contact details	info@uponor.com
Website	www.uponor.com

EPD STANDARDS, SCOPE AND VERIFICATION

Program operator	EPD Hub, hub@epdhub.com
Reference standard	EN 15804+A2:2019 and ISO 14025
PCR	EPD Hub Core PCR version 1.0, 1 Feb 2022
Sector	Construction product
Category of EPD	Third party verified EPD
Scope of the EPD	Cradle to gate with options, A4-A5, and modules C1-C4, D
EPD author	Dr. Shima Holder, Uponor Corporation
EPD verification	Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: ☐ Internal certification ☒ External verification
EPD verifier	N.C, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited

The manufacturer has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

PRODUCT

Product name	Uponor Aqua Pipe in conduit
Additional labels	
Product reference	1008993 1008994 1008995 1071850 1071851 1071852 1071853 1071855 1071864 1071867 1071868 1072152 1072153 1083672 1083673 1085143
Place of production	Uponor AB, Nordanövägen 2, 73061, Virsbo, Sweden
Period for data	2021
Averaging in EPD	No averaging
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3	%

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SUMMARY

Declared unit	1 kg
Declared unit mass	1 kg
GWP-fossil, A1-A3 (kgCO ₂ e)	2,88E0
GWP-total, A1-A3 (kgCO ₂ e)	2,94E0
Secondary material, inputs (%)	5,11E-1
Secondary material, outputs (%)	1,25E2
Total energy use, A1-A3 (kWh)	1,09E1
Total water use, A1-A3 (m ³ e)	6,8E-3

PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER

ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER

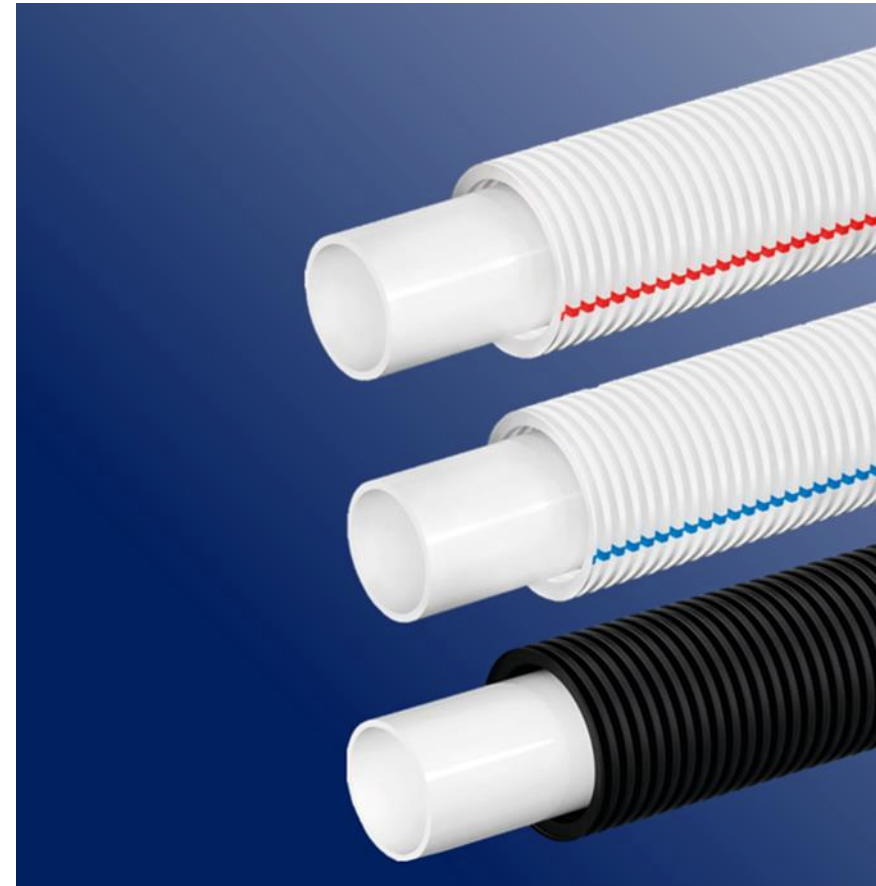
Uponor is rethinking water for future generations. Our offering, including safe drinking water delivery, energy-efficient radiant heating and cooling and reliable infrastructure, enables a more sustainable living environment. We help our customers in residential and commercial construction, municipalities and utilities, as well as different industries to work faster and smarter. We employ about 3,800 professionals in 26 countries in Europe and North America. Over 100 years of expertise and trust form the basis of any successful partnership. This is the basis, on which they can build, in a literal and metaphorical sense. We create trust together with our partners: Customers, prospective customers and suppliers. We establish this with shared knowledge, quality and sustainable results.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Uponor Aqua Pipe in conduit is manufactured from highest quality cross-linked polyethylene and is part of Uponor's drinking water product group. Uponor Aqua Pipe in conduit is designed for application in tap water systems in concealed installations with conduit as well as a distribution pipe. The pipe is produced according to EN ISO 15875 class 2 in 10 bar versions. Uponor Aqua Pipe in conduit is treated in accordance with the new hygienic requirement in the Positive Lists for Organic Materials, 4MS Common Approach.

The conduit is manufactured from HD polyethylene in different colours and is corrugated, which provides great flexibility and great load-bearing capacity. Uponor conduit fulfils the Norwegian requirements, Nordtest method, NT VVS 129 including test method no. 02-2014 also KIWA BRL K536 part D. The conduit insulates the inner pipe and prevents water damage to the body of the building in the event of any pipe leakage, as well as facilitating pipe replacement.

Further information can be found at www.uponor.com.



PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL MAIN COMPOSITION

Raw material category	Amount, mass- %	Material origin
Fossil materials	100	EU

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C	0.00152
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FUNCTIONAL UNIT AND SERVICE LIFE

Declared unit	1 kg
Mass per declared unit	1 kg

SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).

PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

SYSTEM BOUNDARY

This EPD covers the life-cycle modules listed in the following table.

Product stage			Assembly stage		Use stage								End of life stage				Beyond the system boundaries
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
x	x	x	x	x	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	x	x	x	x	x	
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstr./demol.	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse	Recycling

Modules not declared = MND. Modules not relevant = MNR.

MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)

The environmental impacts considered for the product stage cover the manufacturing of raw materials used in the production as well as packaging materials and other ancillary materials. Also, fuels used by machines, and handling of waste formed in the production processes at the manufacturing facilities are included in this stage. The study also considers the material losses occurring during the manufacturing processes as well as losses during electricity transmission.

Uponor Aqua Pipe in conduit is manufactured by Engel process from high density polyethylene, cross-linking additive and stabilizers. The raw materials are mixed after which the mix is fed into an extruder where the material melts and is cross-linked. The crosslinked pipe is calibrated to the correct dimension, cooled, then the conduit pipe is added, and the finished product is coiled. Pipes are supplied to the construction site in coils packed in cardboard boxes on pallets. Installation instructions come with each pack.



MANUFACTURING FLOW CHART

TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

The transportation distance is defined according to the PCR. The average distance of transportation from the production plant to the building site is based on the actual sales average figures of the company in the local markets and the transportation method is assumed to be lorry. The vehicle capacity utilization volume factor is assumed to be 100 which means a full load. In reality, it may vary but as the role of transportation emissions in the total results is small, the variation in load is assumed to be negligible. Empty returns are not taken into account as it is assumed that the return trip is used by the transportation company to serve the needs of other clients. Transportation does not cause losses as products are packaged properly. Also, the volume capacity utilisation factor is assumed to be <1 for the nested packaged products. Each wooden pallet is assumed to be re-used 120 times based on the actual re-use scenarios.

Environmental impacts from installation into the building include 0,16% product installation loss, waste packaging materials (A5) and release of biogenic carbon dioxide from wood pallets. The impacts of material production, its processing and its disposal as installation waste are also included.

PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)

This EPD does not cover the use phase.

Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.



PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)

Since the consumption of energy and natural resources is negligible for disassembling of the end-of-life product, the impacts of demolition are assumed zero (C1). The end-of-life product is assumed to be sent to the closest facility by lorry and is assumed to be 50 km away (C2). 100% of the end-of-life product is collected separately from the demolition site while 63% is sent to recycling and 36% to incineration facilities (C3). Only 1% of the end-of-life product goes to landfills (C4). Due to the recycling and incineration potential of polyethylene, the end-of-life product is converted into recycled PE while energy and heat are produced from its incineration (D). The benefits and loads of waste packaging materials in A5 are also considered in module D.

LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

CUT-OFF CRITERIA

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the reference standard and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. Excluded modules are use stage modules (B1-B7), which are not mandatory. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes which data are available for are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass and energy flows. The total neglected input and output flows do also not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass. The life cycle analysis includes all industrial processes from raw material acquisition to production, distribution and end-of-life stages. The production of capital equipment, construction activities, and infrastructure, maintenance and operation of capital equipment, personnel-related activities, energy and water use related to company management and sales activities are excluded.

ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. In this study, as per the reference standard, allocation is conducted in the following order;

1. Allocation should be avoided.

2. Allocation should be based on physical properties (e.g., mass, volume) when the difference in revenue is small.
3. Allocation should be based on economic values.

In this study allocation could not be avoided for raw materials, packaging, ancillary material, energy consumption and waste production as the information was only measured on factory or production process levels. The inputs were allocated to the studied product based on annual production volume (mass). The values for 1 kg of pipe are calculated by considering the total product weight per annual production. In the factory, several kinds of plastic pipes are produced; since the production processes of these products are similar, the annual production percentages are taken into consideration for allocation. According to the ratio of the annual production of the declared product to the total annual production at the factory, the annual total raw materials, energy consumption, packaging materials and the generated waste per the declared product are allocated. Subsequently, the product output is fixed to 1kg and the corresponding amount of product is used in the calculations.

This LCA study is conducted in accordance with all methodological considerations, such as performance, system boundaries, data quality, allocation procedures, and decision rules to evaluate inputs and outputs. All estimations and assumptions are given below:

Module A2, A4 & C2: Vehicle capacity utilization volume factor is assumed to be 1 which means full load. It may vary but as the role of transportation emission in total results is small and so the variety in load assumed to be negligible. Empty returns are not taken into account as it is assumed that return trip is used by transportation companies to serve needs of other clients.

Module A4: Transportation does not cause losses as products are packaged properly. Also, the volume capacity utilisation factor is assumed to be <1 for the nested packaged products. Additionally, transportation distances are based on average sales across Europe.

Module A5: Due to a big variety of installation sites across Europe, industry average values for energy and material consumption as well as generated waste during assembly are used in the study (TEPPFA, 2019). Based on this, 0,16% of the product is assumed to be lost as installation waste and is incinerated without energy recovery.

Module C1: The impacts of demolition stage are assumed zero, since the consumption of energy and natural resources for disassembling of the end-of-life product is negligible.

Module C2: It is estimated that there is no mass loss during the use of the product, therefore the end-of-life product is assumed to have the same weight as the declared product. After ca 50 years of service life (TEPPFA, 2018) all end-of-life product is assumed to be collected from the demolition site. Transportation distance to the waste-handling facility is estimated as 50 km and the transportation method is assumed to be lorry, which is the most common.

Module C3, C4, D: It is assumed that 63% of the end-of-life product is recycled and 36% is incinerated. The assumption is based on Municipal Waste Statistics (Finland, 2018), REPIPE's project (2018) and Uponor's own

experience with mechanical and chemical recycling of PEX scrap at its factories and re-using it in production as well as the increasing number of commercial facilities and efficient practices for recycling of PEX (Thunman H. et al, 2019) across Europe. Ash from incineration processes is assumed negligible. The remaining 1% of the end-of-life product is sent to landfill. The recycled end-of-life materials are assumed to serve as secondary raw materials in manufacturing while the materials incinerated displace electricity and heat production (CHEMIK 2013, 67, 5; Energy Recovery from Waste Incineration, 2017).

Allocation used in environmental data sources is aligned with the above.

AVERAGES AND VARIABILITY

This EPD is product and factory specific and does not contain average calculations.

LCA SOFTWARE AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

This EPD has been created using One Click LCA EPD Generator. The LCA and EPD have been prepared according to the reference standards and ISO 14040/14044. Ecoinvent and One Click LCA databases were used as sources of environmental data.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA

CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, PEF

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP – total	kg CO ₂ e	2,34E0	1,01E-1	5,01E-1	2,94E0	1,55E-1	3,21E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	6,62E-3	1,42E0	1,48E-3	-1,94E0
GWP – fossil	kg CO ₂ e	2,32E0	1,01E-1	4,52E-1	2,88E0	1,57E-1	2,28E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	6,62E-3	1,42E0	1,48E-3	-1,98E0
GWP – biogenic	kg CO ₂ e	1,21E-2	6,16E-5	4,86E-2	6,08E-2	9,59E-5	9,32E-3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	3E-6	4,64E-3	1,14E-6	4,45E-2
GWP – LULUC	kg CO ₂ e	7,16E-4	3,55E-5	6,86E-5	8,21E-4	5,53E-5	1,2E-5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	2,44E-6	2,25E-4	5,67E-8	-4,42E-4
Ozone depletion pot.	kg CFC ₁₁ e	5,92E-8	2,31E-8	5,05E-9	8,73E-8	3,59E-8	2,04E-9	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,45E-9	2,74E-8	3,28E-11	-5,8E-8
Acidification potential	mol H ⁺ e	8,34E-3	4,15E-4	4,94E-4	9,25E-3	6,45E-4	8,89E-5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	2,77E-5	1,23E-3	9,24E-7	-1,11E-2
EP-freshwater ³⁾	kg Pe	4E-5	8,7E-7	3,58E-6	4,45E-5	1,35E-6	6,6E-7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	6,61E-8	6,15E-6	1,99E-9	-7,36E-5
EP-marine	kg Ne	1,43E-3	1,23E-4	1,07E-4	1,66E-3	1,91E-4	2,39E-5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	8,04E-6	3,73E-4	5,65E-7	-1,36E-3
EP-terrestrial	mol Ne	1,59E-2	1,36E-3	1,46E-3	1,87E-2	2,11E-3	2,51E-4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	8,89E-5	4E-3	3,4E-6	-1,63E-2
POCP (“smog”)	kg NMVOCe	7,75E-3	4,26E-4	3,93E-4	8,57E-3	6,63E-4	8,67E-5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	2,78E-5	1,24E-3	1,3E-6	-6,17E-3
ADP-minerals & metals	kg Sbe	2,08E-5	2,51E-6	4,31E-6	2,76E-5	3,91E-6	4,85E-7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,61E-7	4,65E-6	1,14E-9	-9,65E-6
ADP-fossil resources	MJ	8,21E1	1,54E0	9,73E-1	8,46E1	2,39E0	3,31E-1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	9,88E-2	3,7E0	2,51E-3	-5,19E1
Water use ²⁾	m ³ e depr.	1,62E0	5,45E-3	2,83E-2	1,66E0	8,49E-3	1,3E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	4,09E-4	7,9E-2	1,11E-4	-6,11E-1

ADDITIONAL (OPTIONAL) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, PEF

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Particulate matter	Incidence	6,91E-8	7,77E-9	1,29E-8	8,98E-8	1,21E-8	1,22E-9	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	5,04E-10	2,37E-8	1,74E-11	-7,04E-8
Ionizing radiation ⁵⁾	kBq U235e	5,47E-2	6,71E-3	2,64E-3	6,41E-2	1,04E-2	1,11E-3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	4,12E-4	1,03E-2	9,82E-6	-5,76E-2
Ecotoxicity (freshwater)	CTUe	1,27E1	1,2E0	2,33E0	1,63E1	1,87E0	3,53E-1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	8,45E-2	4,47E0	2,61E-3	-2,72E1
Human toxicity, cancer	CTUh	6,1E-10	3,4E-11	2,34E-10	8,78E-10	5,29E-11	2,5E-11	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	2,2E-12	4,96E-10	6,98E-14	-1,8E-10
Human tox. non-cancer	CTUh	1,42E-8	1,38E-9	3,52E-9	1,91E-8	2,14E-9	3,78E-10	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	8,94E-11	7,09E-9	1,74E-12	-1,22E-8
SQP	-	5,46E-1	1,71E0	6,63E-1	2,92E0	2,66E0	5,12E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,09E-1	2,23E0	8,85E-3	2,27E-1

USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Renew. PER as energy	MJ	1,38E0	2,18E-2	8,82E0	1,02E1	3,39E-2	3,28E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,13E-3	1,73E-1	4,44E-5	-3,02E0
Renew. PER as material	MJ	0E0	0E0	5,17E-2	5,17E-2	0E0	-5,16E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0
Total use of renew. PER	MJ	1,38E0	2,18E-2	8,87E0	1,03E1	3,39E-2	-1,88E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,13E-3	1,73E-1	4,44E-5	-3,02E0
Non-re. PER as energy	MJ	2,66E1	1,54E0	8,07E-1	2,9E1	2,39E0	2,43E-1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	9,88E-2	3,7E0	2,51E-3	-2,24E1
Non-re. PER as material	MJ	5,54E1	0E0	-4,36E0	5,1E1	0E0	8,82E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	0E0	-1,26E1	0E0	-2,95E1
Total use of non-re. PER	MJ	8,21E1	1,54E0	-3,55E0	8E1	2,39E0	3,31E-1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	9,88E-2	-8,86E0	2,51E-3	-5,19E1
Secondary materials	kg	5,07E-3	0E0	4,2E-5	5,11E-3	0E0	4,9E-4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	6,28E-1
Renew. secondary fuels	MJ	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0
Non-ren. secondary fuels	MJ	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0
Use of net fresh water	m ³	5,91E-3	2,91E-4	6,06E-4	6,8E-3	4,53E-4	5,62E-4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,89E-5	1,27E-3	2,81E-6	-4,23E-3

6) PER = Primary energy resources

END OF LIFE – WASTE

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste	kg	5,14E-2	1,6E-3	1,03E-2	6,33E-2	2,49E-3	1,38E-3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,3E-4	0E0	4,58E-6	-9,87E-2
Non-hazardous waste	kg	1,78E0	1,33E-1	3,15E-1	2,23E0	2,07E-1	3,52E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	8,81E-3	0E0	1E-2	-2,72E0
Radioactive waste	kg	4,54E-5	1,05E-5	2,63E-6	5,86E-5	1,63E-5	1,19E-6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	6,54E-7	0E0	1,5E-8	-4,93E-5

END OF LIFE – OUTPUT FLOWS

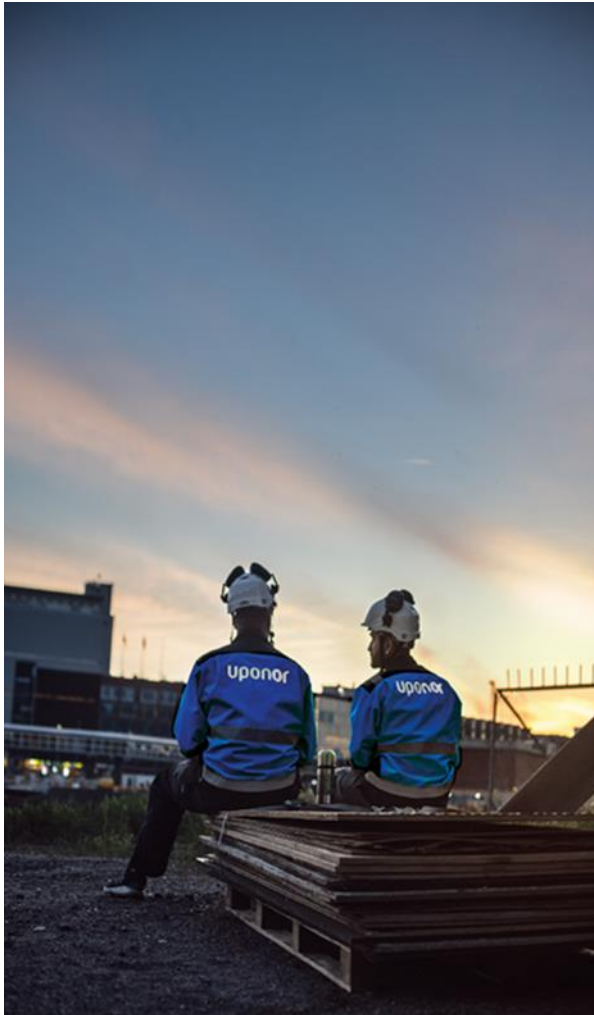
Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0
Materials for recycling	kg	0E0	0E0	2,94E-2	2,94E-2	0E0	2,44E-1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	0E0	6,3E-1	0E0	0E0
Materials for energy rec	kg	0E0	0E0	1,3E-1	1,3E-1	0E0	4,2E-3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	0E0	6,23E-1	0E0	0E0
Exported energy	MJ	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	3,91E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	0E0	1,26E1	0E0	0E0

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – EN 15804+A1, CML / ISO 21930

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Global Warming Pot.	kg CO ₂ e	2,14E0	9,98E-2	4,51E-1	2,69E0	1,55E-1	2,31E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	6,55E-3	1,41E0	1,05E-3	-1,85E0
Ozone depletion Pot.	kg CFC ₁₁ e	5,83E-8	1,84E-8	4,62E-9	8,13E-8	2,86E-8	1,76E-9	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,15E-9	2,27E-8	2,61E-11	-5,67E-8
Acidification	kg SO ₂ e	7,02E-3	2,05E-4	3,61E-4	7,59E-3	3,19E-4	6,89E-5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	2,01E-5	8,6E-4	9,99E-7	-9,74E-3
Eutrophication	kg PO ₄ ³ e	1,7E-3	4,27E-5	2,19E-4	1,96E-3	6,64E-5	4,54E-5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	4,61E-6	1,18E-3	5,22E-5	-1,38E-3
POCP ("smog")	kg C ₂ H ₄ e	7,04E-4	1,33E-5	2,56E-5	7,43E-4	2,06E-5	5,11E-6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	8,7E-7	7,11E-5	2,18E-7	-5,77E-4
ADP-elements	kg Sbe	2,08E-5	2,51E-6	4,31E-6	2,76E-5	3,91E-6	4,85E-7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,61E-7	4,65E-6	1,14E-9	-9,65E-6
ADP-fossil	MJ	8,21E1	1,54E0	9,73E-1	8,46E1	2,39E0	3,31E-1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	9,88E-2	3,7E0	2,51E-3	-5,19E1

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – TRACI 2.1. / ISO 21930

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Global Warming Pot.	kg CO ₂ e	2,16E0	9,96E-2	4,51E-1	2,72E0	1,55E-1	2,32E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	6,54E-3	1,41E0	1,11E-3	-1,86E0
Ozone Depletion	kg CFC ₁₁ e	7,26E-8	2,44E-8	5,76E-9	1,03E-7	3,81E-8	2,3E-9	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,54E-9	2,98E-8	3,49E-11	-7,08E-8
Acidification	kg SO ₂ e	6,91E-3	3,61E-4	4,06E-4	7,67E-3	5,61E-4	7,62E-5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	2,42E-5	1,11E-3	8,25E-7	-9,24E-3
Eutrophication	kg Ne	5,37E-4	5,09E-5	4,95E-5	6,38E-4	7,92E-5	1,25E-5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	3,36E-6	1,77E-4	4,55E-7	-6,85E-4
POCP ("smog")	kg O ₃ e	9,21E-2	7,78E-3	6,32E-3	1,06E-1	1,21E-2	1,36E-3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	5,1E-4	2,27E-2	1,96E-5	-9,07E-2
ADP-fossil	MJ	1,17E1	2,19E-1	1,01E-1	1,21E1	3,41E-1	3,87E-2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0E0	1,39E-2	4,59E-1	3,44E-4	-6,46E0



VERIFICATION STATEMENT

VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents and compliancy with reference standard, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The digital background data for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? [Read more online](#)

This EPD has been generated by One Click LCA EPD generator, which has been verified and approved by the EPD Hub.

THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of the data collected and used in the LCA calculations, the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out, the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and other additional environmental information, as present with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and reference standard.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance.

I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification.

I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

Neena Chandramathy, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited
03.06.2022



ANNEX 1: CONVERSION TABLE FOR PRODUCT STAGE (A1-A3) GWP – EN 15804+A2, PEF

Product Number	Product Description	Unit Product Weight (kg/m of pipe)	GWP – total, Stages A1-A3 (kg CO2e/m of pipe)	Product Length (m)	GWP – total, Stages A1-A3 (kg CO2e)
1008993	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT BLACK 16X2,2 25/20 50M	0,162	4,76E-1	50	2,38E1
1008994	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT BLACK 20X2,8 28/23 50M	0,244	7,17E-1	50	3,59E1
1008995	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT BLACK 25X3,5 34/28 50M	0,354	1,04E0	50	5,20E1
1071850	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BLUE 15X2,5 25/20 200M	0,170	5,00E-1	200	1,00E2
1071851	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/RED 15X2,5 25/20 200M	0,168	4,94E-1	200	9,88E1
1071852	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BLUE 18X2,5 28/23 50M	0,220	6,47E-1	50	3,23E1
1071853	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BLUE 18X2,5 28/23 150M	0,213	6,26E-1	150	9,39E1
1071855	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/RED 18X2,5 28/23 150M	0,073	2,15E-1	150	3,22E1
1071864	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BLUE 15X2,5 25/20 50M	0,136	4,00E-1	50	2,00E1
1071867	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BLUE 15X2,5 25/20 100M	0,165	4,85E-1	100	4,85E1
1071868	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/RED 15X2,5 25/20 100M	0,165	4,85E-1	100	4,85E1
1072152	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/RED 15X2,5 28/23 50M	0,200	5,88E-1	50	2,94E1
1072153	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BLUE 15X2,5 28/23 50M	0,190	5,59E-1	50	2,79E1
1083672	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/RED 16X2,2 25/20 200M	0,173	5,09E-1	200	1,02E2
1083673	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BLUE 16X2,2 25/20 200M	0,170	5,00E-1	200	1,00E2
1085143	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BLUE 16X2,2 25/20 50M	0,180	5,29E-1	50	2,65E1

ANNEX 2: CONVERSION TABLE FOR PRODUCT STAGE (A1-A3) GWP – EN 15804+A1, CML/ISO 21930

Product Number	Product Description	Unit Product Weight (kg/m of pipe)	GWP – total, Stages A1-A3 (kg CO2e/m of pipe)	Product Length (m)	GWP – total, Stages A1-A3 (kg CO2e)
1008993	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT BLACK 16X2,2 25/20 50M	0,162	4,36E-1	50	2,18E1
1008994	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT BLACK 20X2,8 28/23 50M	0,244	6,56E-1	50	3,28E1
1008995	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT BLACK 25X3,5 34/28 50M	0,354	9,52E-1	50	4,76E1
1071850	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BUE 15X2,5 25/20 200M	0,170	4,57E-1	200	9,15E1
1071851	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/RED 15X2,5 25/20 200M	0,168	4,52E-1	200	9,04E1
1071852	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BUE 18X2,5 28/23 50M	0,220	5,92E-1	50	2,96E1
1071853	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BUE 18X2,5 28/23 150M	0,213	5,73E-1	150	8,59E1
1071855	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/RED 18X2,5 28/23 150M	0,073	1,96E-1	150	2,95E1
1071864	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BUE 15X2,5 25/20 50M	0,136	3,66E-1	50	1,83E1
1071867	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BUE 15X2,5 25/20 100M	0,165	4,44E-1	100	4,44E1
1071868	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/RED 15X2,5 25/20 100M	0,165	4,44E-1	100	4,44E1
1072152	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/RED 15X2,5 28/23 50M	0,200	5,38E-1	50	2,69E1
1072153	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BUE 15X2,5 28/23 50M	0,190	5,11E-1	50	2,56E1
1083672	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/RED 16X2,2 25/20 200M	0,173	4,65E-1	200	9,31E1
1083673	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BUE 16X2,2 25/20 200M	0,170	4,57E-1	200	9,15E1
1085143	UPONOR AQUA PIPE NATURAL IN CONDUIT WHITE/BUE 16X2,2 25/20 50M	0,180	4,84E-1	50	2,42E1